Appendix F: Plaintiffs' Proposed Special Verdict Forms for **Unjust Enrichment**

Set forth below are suggested interrogatories that would be presented on Special Verdict Forms at Trial. This form is meant to be illustrative only, and not comprehensive. Plaintiffs may suggest changes to the special interrogatories herein. Moreover, the absence of any claim or state from the suggested classes is not intended to constitute a waiver of any claims currently, or in the future, brought in this action.

Unjust Enrichment Class #1

THE RESTATEMENT'S BASIC TEST

A party is enriched if she receives a benefit. A party is unjustly enriched if the retention of the benefit would be unfair. A party obtains restitution when she is restored to the position she formerly occupied either by the return of something which she formerly had or by the receipt of its equivalent in money. Ordinarily, the measure of restitution is the amount of enrichment received by the defendant. If the loss suffered differs from the amount of benefit received, the measure of restitution may be more or less than the loss suffered or more or less than the enrichment.1

Some states (Illinois, Maryland, and Michigan) incorporate the *Restatement's* definition of unjust enrichment to determine liability.

A. LIABILITY

Plaintiffs claim that FCA was unjustly enriched.
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Do yo	ou find by a preponderance of the	evidence the following: ²	
(i) Did the plaintiffs confer a benefit on FCA?			
	Yes	No 🗌	
(ii)	Did FCA accept a benefit from the plaintiffs?		
	Yes	No 🗌	
(iii)	Under the circumstances, wou	ld it be unfair for FCA to retain the benefit?	

Restatement (First) of Restitution § 1 (1937) ("Restatement").

See 21B Am. Jur. Pleading & Practice Forms Restitution & Implied Contracts §12.1.

Yes 🗌	No 🗌		
B. Rest	ITUTION		
Have plaintiffs proved by a preponderance of the evidence the amount that should be restituted to plaintiffs and the class?			
Yes	No 🗌		
•	the [Court/Jury] finds that the appropriate amount Enrichment Class #1 is \$ (If you		

UNJUST ENRICHMENT CLASS #2

THE RESTATEMENT'S TEST AND APPRECIATION OF THE BENEFIT

A. LIABILITY

Some states (Florida, Nevada, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Washington, and Wisconsin) use the *Restatement's* definition of unjust enrichment and require that the defendant appreciate the benefit to determine liability.

Plaint	iffs claim that FCA was unjustly e	enriched.				
Do yo	u find by a preponderance of the e	evidence the following:				
(i)	Did the plaintiffs confer a benefit on FCA?					
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌				
(ii)	Did FCA accept a benefit from	the plaintiffs?				
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌				
(iii)	(iii) Under the circumstances, would it be unfair for FCA to retain the benefit?					
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌				
(iv) Did the FCA appreciate the benefit it was receiving from the plaintiffs the subclass?						
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌				
B. RESTITUTION						
	plaintiffs proved by a prepondentituted to plaintiffs and the class	rance of the evidence the amount that should s?				
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌				
restitu	<u>-</u>	he [Court/Jury] finds that the appropriate amount of richment Class #2 is \$ (If you nk.)				

UNJUST ENRICHMENT CLASS #3

THE RESTATEMENT'S TEST AND REQUIRES AN INADEQUATE REMEDY AT LAW

A. LIABILITY

Some states (Arizona, Colorado, Iowa, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, and Utah) require that there be an inadequate remedy at law before bringing an unjust enrichment claim.

Plaintiffs claim that FCA was unjustly enriched.							
Do you find by a preponderance of the evidence the following:							
Did the plaintiffs confer a benefit on FCA?							
Yes No No							
ii) Did FCA accept a benefit from the plaintiffs?							
Yes No No							
(iii) Under the circumstances, would it be unfair for FCA to retain the benef	it?						
Yes No No							
(iv) Do the plaintiffs and the subclass have an adequate remedy at law?							
Yes No No							
B. RESTITUTION							
Have plaintiffs proved by a preponderance of the evidence the amount that should be restituted to plaintiffs and the class?							
Yes No No							
If "yes," complete the following blank: The [Court/Jury] finds that the appropriate amount of restitution for Plaintiffs and Unjust Enrichment Class #3 is \$							

UNJUST ENRICHMENT CLASS #4

RESTATEMENT TEST AND REQUIRES WRONGFUL CONDUCT

A. LIABILITY

Some states (Missouri and Texas) require that a defendant engage in wrongful conduct in order to bring an unjust enrichment claim.

Plain	tiffs claim that FCA was unjustly	enriched.	
Do yo	ou find by a preponderance of the	e evidence the following:	
(i) Did the plaintiffs confer a benefit on FCA?			
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
(ii)	Did FCA accept a benefit fro	m the plaintiffs?	
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
(iii)	Under the circumstances, wo	ould it be unfair for FCA to retain the benefit	?
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
(iv)	Did FCA engage in wrongful conduct?		
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
	B. R	ESTITUTION	
	e plaintiffs proved by a prepond stituted to plaintiffs and the cla	lerance of the evidence the amount that should ass?	ld
	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	
of res		: The [Court/Jury] finds that the appropriate amenst Enrichment Class #4 is \$ (If lank.)	